EPHD21003

High Temperature LaBr₃(Ce) Scintillation Detector (Energy spectrum measurement)

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1.Overview



EPHD21003 detector is a high temperature and vibration-resistant scintillation detector. It integrates high temperature LaBr₃(Ce) scintillator, high temperature PMT and high linear voltage divider circuit. The unique design ensures the stable performance of the detector in high temperature vibration environment.LaBr₃(Ce) is a new type of scintillator. Compared with the traditional Nal(Tl) scintillator, LaBr₃(Ce) has the advantages of better pulse amplitude resolution, higher detection efficiency for high energy ray, fast decay time and better temperature characteristic.It is mainly used to measure formation elements in oil logging.

2. Specifications

Detector diameter (mm) Φ 62
Detector length (mm) 258
Scintillator size (mm) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Pulse amplitude resolution ¹⁾ 25°C Max.
Stability ²⁾ (High temperature counting rate deviation)175°C Max.
Diamagnetism ³⁾ (Geomagnetism) 25°C Max
High temperature life ⁴ Min.
${\sf Vibration^{5)}} \qquad \qquad {\sf Random~5grms},~50{\sf Hz}{\sim}500{\sf Hz}$
Shock 100g@11ms
Operating temperature ⁶⁾ (°C)
Storage temperature ⁶⁾ (°C)
Test with ¹³⁷ Cs
Tested in natural gamma environment
The detector is respectively placed in 6 directions of X+, X-, Y+, Y-, Z+ and Z-, and the output pulse amplitudes of the 6 directions are obtained through test in sequence, taking X+ as the reference, the other 5 directions is compared with the reference amplitude, and the maximum value of the change of the 5 directions relative to the reference amplitude is calculated
The time it takes for the detector to work continuously after preheating at high temperature of 150 °C, and the output pulse amplitude of the detector decreases by half relative to the initial value
Resonance frequency ≥500Hz
Tempreature change rate during detector operation and storage≤1.8 [™] /min

3. Overall dimensions and connection methods (unit: mm)

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